

# Material Safety Data Sheet



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version 14

## 1. Product and company identification

Product name : BLUE PEARL  
Code : PRLX4  
Supplier : PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place,  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272  
Emergency telephone number : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)  
Technical Phone Number : 1-800-647-6050

## 2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview : DANGER!  
MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE DUST-AIR MIXTURES. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. ASPIRATION HAZARD. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.  
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Prevent dust accumulation. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** : May be harmful if inhaled. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.  
**Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.  
**Skin** : May cause skin dryness and irritation.  
**Eyes** : Moderately irritating to eyes.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
**Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking  
**Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
watering  
redness

**Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

See toxicological information (Section 11)



### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	30 - 60
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	15 - 40
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	64741-65-7	5 - 10
tin dioxide	18282-10-5	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Ingestion** :  swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Flammability of the product** : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

#### Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use dry chemical powder.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120F / 49C.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Name	Result	ACGIH	OSHA	Ontario	Mexico	PPG
Aluminium oxide	TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TD	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TD 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not established
titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TD	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TD	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Ti)	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Ti)	Not established
tin dioxide	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TD 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn)	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Sn)	Not established

### Key to abbreviations

A	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	= Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR	= Respiratory sensitization
C	= Ceiling Limit	SS	= Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL	= Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	= Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Z = OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** :  this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

- Eyes** : Safety glasses with side shields.
- Hands** :  Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Respiratory** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Solid.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: Not applicable. [Product does not sustain combustion.]
- Explosion limits** : Lower: 1%
- Color** : Grayish-white.
- Odor** : Aromatic.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Specific gravity** : 2.2
- Density ( lbs / gal )** : 18.36
- Vapor pressure** :  13 kPa (1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : 13% (v/v), 10% (w/w)

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	: 10 (butyl acetate = 1)
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
% Solid. (w/w)	: 90

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

Stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation.
Materials to avoid	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids, oxidizing materials, strong alkalis
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
tin dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>20 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Defatting irritant

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

### Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity : Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
aluminium oxide	A4	-	-	-
titanium dioxide	A4	2B	-	-

Carcinogen Classification code: ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5  
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4  
NTP: Proven, Possible  
OSHA: +  
Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -

## 12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14 . Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Additional information
UN	None.	Not regulated.	None.	-	-
IMDG	None.	Not regulated.	None.	-	-
DOT	None.	Not regulated.	None.	-	-

PG\* : Packing group

Reportable quantity RQ : CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: No products were found.

### 15 . Regulatory information

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Australia inventory (AICS)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada inventory (DSL)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**China inventory (IECSC)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe inventory (REACH)** : Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.

**Japan inventory (ENCS)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Korea inventory (KECI)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand (NZIoC)** : Not determined.

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)** : All components are listed or exempted.

#### United States

**U.S. Federal regulations** :

**SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances:** No products were found.

**SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification:** No products were found.

**SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals:** titanium dioxide; aluminium oxide

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: No products were found.

#### SARA 311/312 MSDS Distribution - Chemical Inventory - Hazard Identification:

Chemical name	CAS #	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Pressure
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	N	N	N	N	N
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	N	Y	N	N	N
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	64741-65-7	Y	N	Y	N	N
Carbon dioxide	18282-10-5	N	N	N	N	N
Product as-supplied :		Y	Y	N	N	N

## 15. Regulatory information

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

### Mexico

#### Classification

Flammability : 0 Health : 2 Reactivity : 0

## 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 0 Physical hazards : 0

(\* ) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flammability : 0 Instability : 0

Date of previous issue : 5/19/2012.

Organization that prepared the MSDS : EHS

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*